

Міністерство освіти і науки України
Сумський державний педагогічний університет імені А.С.Макаренка

Тексти та тести
з англійської мови
Методичні рекомендації

до вивчення іноземної мови

спеціальності: «Фізична терапія, ерготерапія»

Електронне видання

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T35

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T35 Тексти та тести з англійської мови. Методичні вказівки до вивчення іноземної мови для студентів спеціальності: «Фізична терапія, ерготерапія» /Укл. О.Л.Сидоренко. – Суми: СумПДУ ім. А.С.Макаренка, 2023. – 44 с.

Методична розробка складена у відповідності з програмою курсу іноземної мови. Містить тексти з медичної тематики та граматичні тести згідно програми дисципліни.

Розділ I. Тексти з медицини. Medicine

Текст 1.

1. Вивчіть слова до тексту:

safeguard – *охорона*

to develop – *розвивати*

gladiator – *гладіатор*

ape – *людиноподібна мавпа*

to organize – *організовувати*

service – *служба*

training – *тренування*

2. Прочитайте та перекладіть текст.

FROM THE HISTORY OF MEDICINE

The clinical medicine and safeguard of people's health greatly developed in Roman times. The name of Galen is widely known. Galen worked first as a surgeon at a school for gladiators. He went to Rome when he was thirty-two years old and there he had much practice, but he continued to experiment on living animals, especially apes and pigs. The Roman army always had a well organized service of surgeons. The school for gladiators was an ideal school for training in surgery.

3. Перекажіть текст.

Текст 2.

1. Прочитайте текст та перекладіть його, звертаючи увагу на виділені слова та словосполучення:

IF YOU ARE UNWELL

A *doctor* is a man who looks after people who are ill. He gives them *medical treatment*. People who are receiving medical treatment are called *patients*.

Doctors sometimes perform *operations* on the bodies of their patients with their hands or with instruments. Doctors who do this are called *surgeons* and the instruments they use are called *surgical instruments*. An operation made by a surgeon is called a *surgical operation*.

If you have *toothache* you should go to your *dentist*. A dentist is a doctor who cares of people's teeth. He gives people *dental treatment*. If aching tooth is not too far gone, he'll stop it. If it is too bad, he'll take it out.

If you don't feel well, you should *consult a doctor*. If you feel too ill to go to the doctor's you'll have to send for him. He'll ask you to describe to him the *symptoms of your illness*. Then he'll *feel your pulse*, look at your tongue and *examine* you thoroughly. Finally he'll prescribe the treatment and write out *a prescription*. Doctor's prescriptions are made up by *a chemist*. At chemist's shop you can also get patient medicines of all kinds, including *tablets, cough-mixtures, aspirin, pills, bandages, hot water bottles, tooth-paste, tooth-brushes* and other things.

2. Перекажіть текст.

Текст 3.

1. Вивчіть діалог напам'ять:

A VISIT TO A DOCTOR

A: Well, what's up? Are you unwell?

B: Yes, I am. I have been suffering from many illnesses long time.

A: Are you sure? What are they?

B: I've got insomnia, headaches, backache, indigestion and pains in my right side. Besides, I've caught a cold. And now I've got a sore throat and I'm sneezing and coughing.

A: What can you add more?

B: The other day I hurt my shoulder and knee. I nearly broke my neck. If I take a long walk, I get short of breath. In fact, I feel more dead than alive.

A: I'm awfully sorry to hear that. But I hope things aren't as bad as you imagine. Let me examine you. Now open your mouth and show me your tongue. I advise you, first of all, to stop worrying. Take a long rest, have regular meals, keep to a diet and use little meat. Keep off alcohol. Give up smoking, at least for a time. I'll prescribe you some medicine. Take it three times a day before meals. If you follow my advice, I can promise you feel recovery within two or three weeks.

B: Well, thank you, doctor. I'll follow your advice.

Текст 4.

1. Прочитайте та перекладіть текст.

TREATING A PATIENT

Last summer Nina, my room-mate, was taken ill. The poor girl felt sick. She had a high temperature and it was clear that she needed the services of a doctor. I rushed straight to our hostel health centre and made an appointment. In an hour or so the doctor, a middle-aged woman in a white gown, came in. Before diagnosing the disease she asked Nina to strip to the waist, examined her throat, felt her pulse, sounded her heart and lungs and tested her blood pressure.

Doctor: I see you've taken your temperature. What is it?

Nina: It's 38.7 (thirty eight point seven). And I feel bad, I've got a headache and a sore throat. It hurts me when I swallow.

D.: Let me examine your. Take it easy. Everything will be all right. Well, my dear. I'm sorry to say you have flu.

N.: Oh! It's too bad.

D.: Don't worry. Let's hope for the best. Now I'll write out a prescription for some pills and a mixture. You are to take a tablespoonful of it three times a day. I believe that some injections of glucose will do you a lot of good.

N.: And what should I take for my headache?

D.: I'll give you a tablet. Here it is. Good-bye.

N.: Good-bye, doctor. Thanks a lot.

So I went to the chemist's to have the prescription made up. We followed the doctor's directions and in a week my girl friend felt much better.

2. Поставте питання до речень.

1. Last summer Nina, my room-mate, was taken ill.

2. She had a high temperature and it was clear that she needed the services of a doctor.

3. So I went to the chemist's to have the prescription made up. We followed the doctor's directions and in a week my girl friend felt much better.

3. Розкажіть про ваш візит до врача.

Текст 5.

1. Вивчіть слова до тексту:

heart – *серце*

blood – *кров*

wonderful – *дивний*

during – *протягом*

to strengthen – *зміцнювати*

disease – *хвороба*

regimen – *режим*

to take smb's pulse (to feel smb's pulse) – *перевіряти пульс*

in such a way – *у такий спосіб*

beat – *удар*

vein – *вена*

capillary – *капіляр*

artery – *артерія*

cell – *клітка*

blood pressure – *артеріальний тиск*

blood test – *аналіз крові*

cardiogram of one's

heart – *кардіограма*

2. Прочитайте та перекладіть текст.

HEART AND BLOOD

Your heart is a wonderful organ that works during every minute of your life. You can help it work long and well. You can strengthen it, protect it from disease by exercises and regular regimen.

Take your pulse and in such a way you can control the work of your heart. Our pulse is about 70 beats per minute. After heavy exercises the heart works faster and then the pulse will be faster too, perhaps 100 beats. After a minute or two the pulse will be normal again.

About 5 litres of blood fill our arteries, veins and capillaries. Arteries carry blood from the heart. Veins carry blood to the heart.

Blood has red blood cells, white blood cells and plasma. Today doctors can take blood pressure (B.P.), listen to the heart, take blood tests and take cardiogram of a patient's heart.

3. Дайте відповіді на питання:

1. How can you strengthen your heart?
2. Can you take anybody's pulse?
3. What do you learn when you take the pulse?
4. How many beats is the pulse of a healthy person?
5. When does the heart work faster?
6. Where do arteries carry blood?
7. Where do veins carry blood?

4. Перекладіть словосполучення:

зміцнити серце;
захистити серце;
це легко і корисно;
перевіряти пульс;
у такий спосіб;
контролювати роботу серця;
70 ударів у хвилину;
пульс буде прискореним;

Текст 6.

1. Вивчіть слова до тексту:

diet – *дієта*
disease – *хвороба*
careful – *уважний, турботливий*
physical – *фізичний*
need – *нестаток*
mental – *розумовий*
protein – *білок*
carbohydrate – *вуглець*
fat – *жир, жирний*
minerals – *тут мінеральні солі*
fish – *риба*
meat – *м'ясо*
kidney – *нирка*
cheese – *сир*
butter – *масло*
mixed – *змішаний*
fruit – *фрукт, плід*

2. Прочитайте та перекладіть текст.

THE DIET

As you know my mother is a nurse and she often tells me that the diet in health and disease is very important. If a person wants to be in good health he must be careful about his diet. People of physical work need more food than people of mental work.

It is important to know that a diet must consist of proteins, carbohydrates, fats, minerals, water and vitamins. All this you can find in fish, meat, liver, kidney, cheese, eggs, milk, sugar, bread, potatoes, butter, and nuts. If you want to be healthy you must use a mixed diet of meat, fats and fruit.

3. Перекладіть словосполучення:

зберегти здоров'я;
фізична (розумова) робота;
мати потребу у великій кількості їжі;
важливо знати;
складається з білків і вуглеводів;

Текст 8.

1. Використовуючи дані слова, назвіть кістки скелета.

parietal – *тім'яний*

frontal – *лобовий*

temporal – *скроневий*

occipital – *потиличний*

skull – *череп*

cervical – *шийний*

vertebra – *хребець*

vertebrae – *хребці*

clavicle – *ключиця*

scapula – *лопатка*

rib – *ребро*

thorax – *грудна клітка*

dorsal – *спинний*

spine – *хребетний стовп*

lumbar – *поперековий*

pelvis – *таз*

sacrum – *хрестець*

coccyx – *куприк*

humerus – *плечова кістка*

ulna – *ліктьова кістка*

radius – *лучова кістка*

phalanges – *фаланги*

femur – *стегно*

fibula – мала гомілкорова кістка

tibia – велика гомілкорова кістка

2. Вивчіть слова до тексту:

fracture – перелом

to break (broke, broken) – ламати

bone – кістка

closed – закритий

open – відкритий

to complain – скаржитися

to move – рухатися

swelling – пухлина

to appear – з'являтися

splint – шина

to bind – перев'язувати

X-rays – рентгенівські промені

plaster cast – гіпсова пов'язка

3. Прочитайте та перекладіть текст.

FRACTURES

The word "fracture" means a break in a bone. There are two kinds of fractures: closed and open. In a closed fracture there is no wound on the skin. In an open fracture there is a wound. Open fractures are more serious than closed ones.

If a person breaks his arm or leg he complains of pain in the place of the break. The pain becomes more severe if he presses the place or tries to move. Swelling appears quickly. Do not let the person move. Use a splint for the broken limb. Bind the splints to the limb but not at the place of the fracture. Doctors use X-rays to see the break and put plaster casts on the broken limbs.

4. Перекладіть словосполучення:

відкритий перелом;
закритий перелом;
місце перелому;
біль сильнішає;
намагатися рухатися;
пухлина з'являється;
не дозволяйте рухатися;
зробити рентген;
накладати гіпс;

Текст 10.

1. Вивчіть слова до тексту

fever – *жар, лихоманка*

rise – *підйом*

symptom – *признак, симптом*

ache – *біль*

to replace – *ставити або класти на місце, перемінити*

damp – *вологий*

bed-clothes – *білизна*

3. Прочитайте та перекладіть текст.

FEVER

Fever is the rise of the body temperature above normal. The symptoms of high temperature are headache, aches all over the body, red face, hot dry skin, loss of appetite, quick pulse and breathing.

If a person has fever he must stay in bed and drink plenty of water. The nurse must keep the patient warm. The nurse must give him more blankets and hot drinks. When the patient is sweating replace the damp bed-clothes as quickly as possible and dress the patient in a clean warm bedgown or pyjamas. When the temperature is normal the patient may sit in bed and then have a short walk.

4. Виправте наступні речення, якщо вони невірні за змістом.

Зразок: Fever is the fall of the body temperature below normal.

This is wrong. Fever is not the fall of the body temperature below normal.

Fever is the rise of the body temperature above normal.

1. The symptoms of high temperature are: a pale face, slow pulse and a good appetite.

2. A feverish person must go for a walk.

3. During the fever the patient needs warmth.

4. A nurse must not replace damp bed-clothes when a patient is sweating.

5. When the temperature is down to normal the patient must lie in bed.

5. Скажіть англійською, які симптоми з'являються в хворого при високій температурі.

PART I

TEST 1

PRESENT TENSES

Test 1 A

Read the conversation between two students. Then look at the answers below and write the correct answer in each space.

Lisa: Who (►) is Michelle talking to?

Amy: I can't see Michelle.

Lisa: You (1)...looking in the right place. She's over there.

Amy: Oh, that's Adrian. He's new here.

Lisa: Really? Where (2) ...he live? (3)...you know?

Amy: No, I... know anything else about him.

Lisa: What (5)...they talking about, I wonder?

Amy: Well, he (6)...look very interested. He's got a very bored expression on his face. And he (7) ...saying anything.

- ▶• a) are b) do c) does d) is
- 1 a) aren't b) doesn't c) don't d) isn't
- 2 a) are b) do c) does d) is
- 3 a) Are b) Do c) Does d) Is
- 4 a) aren't b) doesn't c) don't d) 'm not
- 5 a) are b) do c) does d) is
- 6 a) aren't b) doesn't c) don't d) isn't
- 7 a) aren't b) doesn't c) don't d) isn't

Test 1 B

Read Tessa's postcard to Angela and write the missing words. Use one word only in each space.

We're (▶•) having a great time here. It's beautiful, and the sun (1)...shining.

Yesterday I went water-skiing! What (2)...you think of that?

I'm (3)...at a table in our hotel room and writing a few postcards. The room is fine, but we (4)...like the food very much. But it (5)...matter because we (6)...out to a restaurant every evening.

We're both (7)...very lazy at the moment. I (8)up quite late in the morning, and Nigel (9)...up even later. You know of course how much Nigel's work (10)...to him and how he's (11)...talking about it. Well, the holiday is so good that he's forgotten all about work. So it's the perfect holiday. The only problem is that it's (12)...us a lot of money. But we'll worry about that later.

Test 1 C

Each of these sentences has a mistake in it. Write the correct sentence.

▶•The children is doing their homework now.

The children are doing their homework now.

1 The girls are play tennis at the moment.

- 2 Both my brothers like sport.
- 3 Anna wearing her new coat today.
- 4 What colour you like best?
- 5 My suitcase is weighing ten kilos.
- 6 At the moment I stay at a hotel.
- 8 Robert catch the same bus every morning.
- 9 What is this world mean?

Test 1 D

Complete the conversations. Put in the correct form of each verb. Use the present continuous or the present simple.

►•A: Is Janet in, please?

B: Yes, but I think (I / think) she's busy at the moment. She's washing (she / wash) her hair.

1 A: (I / think) of buying a new computer.

B: But computers (cost) so much money. What's wrong with the one we've got?

A:(it / get) out of date now.

2A: Your new trousers(look) nice.

B: Thank you. The trouble is.....(they / not / fit) properly.

.....(I / not / know) why I bought them, really.

3 A: What (you / do)?

B: (I / weigh) this letter.(I / need) to know how many stamps to put on it.

4A: (I / think) this road is really dangerous. Look how fast that lorry

..... (go).

B:(I / agree). People shouldn't go so fast.

5A: (I / like) musicals. And this is a great show, isn't it?

..... (you / enjoy) it?

B: Yes, I am. (I / love) every minute of it.

6 A: (I / always / fall) asleep. I just can't keep awake.

B: What time (you / go) to bed?

A: About ten o'clock usually. But.....(it / not / make) any difference.

7 A: Could you post the goods to me, please?

B: Yes, certainly.

A:(I / live) at a guest house at the moment as.....(I/ look) for a flat. So could you send it to my work address?

B: Yes, of course. And you'll have the goods by the end of the week,.....(I / promise).

8 A: Why (you /want) to change the whole plan?

B: I'm just not happy with it.

A: And(I / not / understand) why.....(you / be) so difficult about it.

TEST 2

PAST SIMPLE AND PAST CONTINUOUS

Test 2 A

Put in the past simple of the verbs in brackets.

► The car stopped (stop) at the lights.

1 We (leave) the cinema before the end of the film.

2 The streets (be) crowded with people.

3 My grandmother..... (die) last year.

4 Everyone (have) a marvellous time.

5 We (not/ like) the food they gave us.

6 Claire (go) to Egypt last month.

7 The accident.....(happen) last weekend.

8 It..... (not / be) a very comfortable journey.

9 I.....(know) that ages ago.

Test 2 B

Write a second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first. Use the word in brackets.

► There were lights on the spacecraft. (had)

The spacecraft had lights on it.

1 I had my old coat on. (wearing)

2 I was on holiday, and you were on holiday, too. (we)

3 It isn't true that I made a mistake. (didn't)

4 The boys were in the middle of a game of cards. (playing)

5 No one told me about the change of plan. (know)

6 My friend was the winner of the competition. (won)

7 Is it a fact that the Romans built this wall? (did)

Test 2 C

Lorna Bright is a long-distance walker. Look at this part of her diary describing a morning's walk along the coast. Write the missing words. Use one word only in each space.

It was a fine day (►) when I started out on the last part of my walk around the coast of Britain. The sun was (1), and a light wind (2).....blowing from the south-west. I was pleased that it (3)raining. I knew by now that I (4)like rain. In fact I (5)it.

I (6)along the cliff top and then down into the lovely little fishing village of Wellburn, past a cafe where people (7).....having morning coffee. Three miles past Wellburn I (8).....down for five minutes and (9).....a drink. Now it (10).....getting warmer, so I (11).....off one of my sweaters. I (12).....stop for long because I (13).....to reach Scabury by lunch-time. (14)I finally got there, it (15).....just after half past twelve.

Test 2 D

Each of these sentences has a mistake in it. Write the correct sentence.

► The hotel were very quiet.

The hotel was very quiet.

1 It was peaceful, and the birds were sing.

2 I washed my hair when the phone rang.

2 You came not to the club last night.

3 It taked ages to get home.

4 We tried to keep quiet because the baby sleeping.

5 As I was watching him, the man was suddenly running away.

6 We pass a petrel station two minutes ago.

7 Everything was seeming OK.

8 Where bought you that bag?

9 When I heard the alarm, I was leaving the room immediately.

Test 2 E

Complete the sentences. Put in the correct form of each verb. Use the past continuous or past simple.

► When Martin arrived (arrive) home, Anna was talking (talk) to someone on the phone. Martin started (start) to get the tea.

1. I.....(lie) in the bath when the phone.....(ring). It(stop) after a few rings.

2. It(be) cold when we(leave) the house that day, and a light snow(fall).

3. Your friend who.....(come) here the other day.....(seem) very nice. I.....(enjoy) meeting her.

4. When I(see) the man, he.....(stand) outside the bank. He(have) a black baseball cap on.

5. When I (open) the cupboard door, a pile of books.....(fall) out.

6. I..... (walk) along the street when I suddenly.....(feel)

something hit me in the back. I (not / know) what it was.

7. We (go) to London yesterday, but on the way we.....(hear) about a bomb scare in Oxford Street. So we.....(drive) back home straightaway.

8.Something very strange(happen) to me on my way home from work yesterday afternoon. I (drive) along the bypass at the time. Suddenly I.....(see) my mother in the seat beside me. But she died three years ago.

TEST 3

PRESENT PERFECT AND PAST SIMPLE

Test 3A

Put in the past participles of the verbs in brackets.

► We've found (find) all the answers.

1 Have you.....(wash) the car?

2 You haven't.....(eat) very much.

3 They've.....(open) a new supermarket.

4 You've.....(write) it in pencil.

5 I've.....(make) the sandwiches.

6 We've.....(have) our lunch.

7 United have.....(score) a goal.

8 The balloon has.....(land) in a field.

9 Who's.....(break) this glass?

- 10 It's warm because the heating has.....(be) on.
 11 Have you.....(sell) your flat yet?
 12 I've.....(finish) that job at last.

Test 3 B

Complete the second sentence so that it follows on from the first. Use the present perfect.

- My hair is tidy now. I've brushed my hair.
- 1 The door is open. Someone.....the door.
 2 This is Oliver's drawing, look. Oliver.....a picture.
 3 The calculator is broken. Someone.....the calculator.
 4 United are the winners. United.....the game
 5 There's no more wine in the bottle. We.....all the wine.
 6 The floor is clean now. I.....the floor.
 7 I know my number now. I.....my number by heart.
 8 The guests are here now. The guests.....
 9 I'm still working on the computer. I.....with computer yet.

Test 3 C

Decide which word is correct.

- I'd like to borrow this book. Has Anna read it yet ?
 a) done b) for c) just d) yet
1. Ben writes very quickly. He'sfinished his essay.
 a) already b) been c) for d) yet
2. What are you going to do? ~ I don't know. I haven't decided
 a) just b) long c) since d) yet
3. I've..... to London. I went there in June.
 a) been b) gone c)just d) yet
4. Have you..... done any skiing?
 a) ever b) for c) just d) long
5. My boyfriend hasn't run..... week.

a) for b) last c) since d) this

6. I haven't seen that coat before. How have you had it?

a) already b) for c) long d) since

7. The girls have..... to the cinema. They won't be back until ten o'clock.

a) already b) been c) gone d) just

8. I haven't seen my parents..... last Christmas.

a) already b) before c) for d) since

9. This is the first..... I've ever lived away from home.

a) already b) since c) that d) time

10. This programme must be new. I've seen it before.

a) ever b) never c) since d) yet

Test 3 D

Some of these sentences are correct, and some have a word which should not be there. If the sentence is correct, put a tick (✓). If it is incorrect, cross the unnecessary have or has out of the sentence and write it in the space.

▶ Susan has lost her keys. She can't find them anywhere.

▶ Christopher has hurt his hand, but it's OK now. has

1 The directors have arrived half an hour ago, but they didn't stay long.

2 It's raining, and Peter has left his umbrella behind, look.

3 It's a long time since your friends have last visited us.

4 None of you have called me for weeks. Aren't we friends any more?

5 We can play tennis now. The others have finished.

6 The company has bought some land, but then it sold it.

7 The computer isn't on now. Someone has turned it off.

8 Tessa has posted the parcel. It's on its way to you.

9 Several bombs have gone off in the city centre. It has happened an hour ago.

10 Simon has left. He and Oliver have left after lunch.

Test 3 E

Put in the present perfect or past simple of the verbs in brackets.

▶ I've had(have) these shoes since my eighteenth birthday.

▶ I tidied (tidy) my desk, but now it's in a mess again.

1 The last time I(go) to Brighton was in August.

2 I'd like to meet a ghost, but I.....(never / see) one.

3 I've finished my homework. I.....(do) it before tea.

4 And the race is over! And Micky Simpson.....(win) in a record time!

5 I.....(work) for a computer company for a year. That was after college.

6 What time.....(you / get) to work this morning?

7 Martin.....(be) to Greece five times. He loves the place.

8 The President.....(come) out of the building and is going to make a speech.

9 You won't believe this, but I've got some tickets for the concert. ~ Oh, well done.

How.....(you/get) them?

10 Of course I can ride a bike. But I.....(not / ride) one for years.

11 Marilyn Monroe.....(be) in about thirty films.

12(you / ever / bake) your own bread? ~ No, but I might try it some time.

13 Janet.....(be) very ill three years ago.

14 Rupert has left a message for you. He.....(ring) last night.

15(you / see) the news today? — No, not yet. I'll watch it at ten.

16 We moved here in 1993. We.....(be) here a long time now.

TEST 4

PAST AND PERFECT TENSES

Test 4 A

Read the conversation. Then look at the answers below and write the correct answer in each space.

Tessa: Hello, Robert. I (▶) haven't seen you for ages.

Robert: Hello, Tessa. Great to see you. What have you
(1).....doing lately?

Tessa: (2)..... just started a new job in computer software.

Robert: You (3)working for Tuffex Plastics when we last met.

Tessa: That's right. I hadn't (4)working there long before I got fed up. I (5).....realized what a horrible job it would be. But what about you? (6)you found a job?

Robert: Well, six months ago I (7)working for a car hire company, but then they (8)bankrupt. So I'm out of work now.
(9).....been looking around for another job.

Tessa: Well, I'm sure you'll find one soon.

▶ a) didn't b) hadn't c) haven't d) wasn't

1 a) been b) had c) has d) was

2 a) I'd b) I'll c) I'm d) I've

3 a) did b) had c) have d) were

4 a) be b) been c) done d) had

5 a) didn't b) hadn't c) haven't d) wasn't

6 a) Did b) Had c) Have d) Were

7 a) been b) had c) have d) was

8 a) go b) going c) gone d) went

9 a) I'd b) I'll c) I'm d) I've

Test 4 B

Write a second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first. Use the word in brackets.

▶• Susan had a green dress on. (wearing)

Susan was wearing a green dress.

- 1 The doctor began work at six o'clock and is still working. (has)
- 2 Rupert didn't have his credit card. (forgotten)
- 3 I didn't want to go without taking a photo. (until)
- 4 Nancy has been writing the report. It is finished now. (written)
- 5 My wait in the queue has lasted forty minutes so far. (I)
- 6 When we arrived, everyone was on the dance floor. (dancing)
- 7 The computer has been mine for four years. (had)
- 8 In the middle of our lunch there was a knock at the door. (when)
- 9 Nigel felt sick from eating too many cakes. (because)

Test 4 C

Write the sentences correctly.

► I like this CD. I've been having it for ages.

I've had it for ages.

- 1 It was my first day back at work. I was on holiday.
- 2 I'm quite tired now. I play badminton.
- 3 I had to sit down. I'd been having a shock.
- 4 You need a rest. How much have you been working?
- 5 The robbery happened at midday. Lots of people walked along the street outside.
- 6 My sister speaks good English. She is practising her English since last summer.
- 7 At last I have my qualification. I've been passing my exam.
- 8 Michelle looked really sunburnt. She'd lie in the sun for too long.
- 9 We got to the coach stop at nine yesterday. But the coach has already gone.

Test 4 D

Complete the conversations. Put in the correct form of each verb.

► A: Did you buy (you / buy) anything at the antiques sale yesterday?

B: No. I wanted (I / want) to buy some jewellery, but I'd left (I / leave) my credit card at home.

- 1 A: Are you still copying those addresses?
 B: No, that's all of them.(I / finish) now.
- 2 A: The train is never going to get here.
 B: How long(we / wait) now?
 A: At least half an hour.....(we / be) here since ten to five.
- 3 A: Did you have a nice chat with Tessa?
 B: No, not really. When.....(we/ drink) our coffee,.....(she / hurry) off home.
- 4 A: It's terrible about that plane crash, isn't it?
 B: Yes, awful.....(I / have) breakfast when(I / hear) the news.
- 5A: So you sing in a rock band, do you? How long.....(you / do) that?
 B: Oh, since I was sixteen.....(we / do) about a dozen conceits.
- 6 A: Do you know what Polly was so upset about yesterday?
 B: No, I don't. But I'm sure(she / cry). Her eyes looked red.
 A: Perhaps(she/ have) some bad news.
- 7 A: The shooting was very frightening, I suppose.
 B: It certainly was. When we.....(hear) the shot,

TEST 5

PRESENT AND PAST TENSES

Test 5 A

Complete the conversations. Put in the correct form of each verb.

► A: Are you ready?

B: I won't be a moment. I'm doing (I /do) my hair.

1 A: Could you tell me your address?

B: Well,.....(I / live) in a friend's house at the moment.
Luckyly(I / find) a place of my own now, but I can't
move in until next week.

2 A: Is this your CD?

B: No, it isn't mine.....(I / think)(it /
belong)
to Peter.

3 A: Can I borrow your calculator, please?

B: Well,.....(I / use) it to work out these figures at the
moment(I / want) to finish doing them, now
that(I/start).

4 A: Why can't you wash your
dirty plates sometimes?.....(you/leave)
them in the sink most of the time.

B: OK, sorry. The last few weeks.....(I / have) so
little
time.(I / rush) around all the time.

Test 5 B

Read the story and write the missing words. Use one word only in each space.

One day a man was (►) walking past a house in Bournemouth when he (1)
.....a woman's voice shouting for help. The man
(2).....someone (3).....probably trying to murder her. He
ran to a phone box and (4).....the police. The police came quite
quickly, but by now the shouting had (5)..... However, the man
(6).....quite sure that he
(7).....heard cries for help. When the police
(8).....on the door, there was no answer. So they broke down the door
and went in. Inside the house was a woman who had just (9).....out of

the shower. She explained to the police that she had (10).....singing along to the Beatles song 'Help!'.

Test 5C

Write a second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first. Begin with the word in brackets.

► ■ Our trip to Africa was in October. (We ...)

We went to Africa in October.

- 1 We've had ten hours of rain. (It...)
- 2 It's the right thing to do in my opinion. (I ...)
- 3 Our sofa is in a different place now. (We ...)
- 4 It was breakfast-time when Susan rang. (I ...)
- 5 Their game of badminton is always on Tuesday. (They ...)

Test 5 D

Write the correct answer in each space.

► This isn't my first visit to London. I've been here before.

a) I'm b) I've been c) I was

1. I've got my key. I found it whenfor something else.
a) I looked b) I've looked c) I was looking
2. Sorry, I can't stop now.to an important meeting.
a) I go b) I'm going c) I've gone
3. I can't get Tessa on the phone.....all afternoon.
a) I'm trying b) I try c) I've been trying
4. The bank told me last week there was no money in my account.....it all.
a) I'd spent b) I spent c) I was spending
- 5 There's a new road to the motorway.it yesterday.
a) They'd opened b) They opened c) They've opened

Test 5 E

Some of these sentences are correct, and some have a word which should not be there. If the sentence is correct, put a tick (✓). If it is incorrect, cross the unnecessary word out of the sentence and write it in the space.

▶ Martin has changed his mind about next weekend. ✓

▶ We ~~were~~ enjoyed the holiday very much. were

- 1 Nancy is practising on the piano.
- 2 It was lucky that we had been decided to buy our tickets in advance.
- 3 We were riding our bikes when suddenly I was felt a pain in my leg.
- 4 We are go camping for three weeks every summer.
- 5 They have planted some new trees last year.
- 6 I suddenly realized I had been walking in the wrong direction..
- 7 Did you know that Anna has been won a prize?
- 8 No one told me that the goods had arrived the week before.

Test 5 F

Complete the news report. Put each verb into the correct form.

The actress Vanessa Kemp (▶) has disappeared (disappear). Yesterday she (1).....(fail) to arrive at the Prince Charles Theatre in London's West End for her leading role in the comedy 'Don't look now!'. Ms Kemp, who (2).....(live) in Hampstead, (3).....(leave) home at four o'clock yesterday afternoon for the theatre, a journey she (4)(make) several times the week before. Two people who (5) (walk) past her home at the time (6).....(see) her leave. But no one (7).....(see) her since then. At half past seven she still (8).....(not / arrive) at the theatre. At eight o'clock the theatre manager had to break the news to the audience, who (9).....(wait) patiently for the play to start. Since yesterday, theatre staff and friends (10) (try) to contact Ms Kemp, but they (11) (have) no success so far. The police (12).....take) the

matter seriously, but they (13).....(believe) that she is unlikely to be in any danger. Her friends all (14).....(want) to hear from her soon.

TEST 6

THE FUTURE WITH WILL, BE GOING TO AND PRESENT

Test 6 A

Put in the missing words. Use one word only in each space.

► I don't want a steak. I think I'll have the chicken.

- 1 Theresa fireworks display tomorrow. Janet isto watch it.
- 2 We're at that table in the corner.you join us?
- 3 I'm seeing the boss this afternoon. But I must study this report before Iher.
- 4 There will be drinks at the reception, but there will.....be any food.
- 5 The European heads of state aremeet in Brussels on 3 October.
- 6 It's a lovely day.....we go for a walk?
- 7 My birthday.....on a Sunday next year.
- 8 My brother is engaged. He'smarried in June.
- 9 You won't be allowed to go to your seat after the play.....started.
- 10 Martin's got his coat on. I think he's.....to go out.

Test 6 B

Write the sentences correctly.

► I'm hungry. I think I have something to eat.

I think I'll have something to eat.

- 1 You say you're getting a coach at nine. What time is it getting to London?

- 2 I'll give Polly the news. I'll tell her when I'll see her this evening.
- 3 Rupert looks really tired. He's about falling asleep.
- 4 We've arranged to go out. We meet in town later.
- 5 I'm going to Spain next week. I send you a postcard.
- 6 I'm going to get to the airport early. I can read a book while I'll be waiting.
- 7 I feel a bit tired. I go to lie down.
- 8 Why not come to the party? All your friends shall be there.
- 9 There's been a bomb warning. No one can go into the building until the police will have searched it.

Test 6 C

Read the news report and write the missing words. Use one word only in each space.

The Maxi-Shop company is (▶) going to build a huge new shopping centre on the edge of Millingham, it was announced yesterday. There (1).....be at least three hundred shops, including some big department stores. When the project (2).....complete, there (3).....be hundreds of new jobs for local people. But not everyone is happy. 'We're (4).....to fight this plan,' said a spokesperson for the local Environment Group. 'Just think what is going (5).....happen to our countryside. When shopping malls (6).....covered the whole country, there (7).....be no green fields left. So we're (8).....a protest meeting tomorrow evening at the town hall. It (9).....at half past seven.' Owners of shops in the town centre are also unhappy. 'The new centre (10).....take our customers away,' said one of them.

Test 6 D

Look at the answers below and write the correct answer in each space.

- ▶ A: Let's go to the carnival, shall we?
- B: Yes, good idea. I expect it'll be fun.

a) it'll be b) it's c) it's being

1 A: Could I have a word with you, please?

B: Sorry, I'm in a big hurry. My train.....in fifteen minutes.

a) is going to leave b) leaves c) will leave

2 A: Have you decided about the course?

B: Yes, I decided last weekend.....for a place.

a) I apply b) I am to apply c) I'm going to apply

3 A: I'm trying to move this cupboard, but it's very heavy.

B: Well,.....you, then.

a) I help b) I'll help c) I'm going to help

4 A: Is the shop open yet?

B: No, but there's someone inside. I think.....

a) it opens b) it's about to open c) it will open

5 A: Do you mind not leaving your papers all over the table?

B: Oh, sorry. I'll take them all with me when.....

a) I go b) I'll go c) I'm going

6 A: It's a public holiday next Monday.

B: Yes, I know.....anything special?

a) Are you doing b) Do you do c) Will you do

Test 6 E

Write the sentences using a future form of the verb. Use the word in brackets.

► Express your instant decision to take a taxi. (I'll) I'll take a taxi.

1 Express your intention to have a rest. (going)

2 Express the idea that the timetable shows the start of term on 6 September. (starts)

3 Predict a world war in five years' time. (there)

4 Express the idea that you and Judy have arranged a game of tennis for tomorrow.
(playing)

5 Give your prediction of a probable fall in prices. (probably)

6 Warn your passenger about the car crashing. (going)

TEST 7
THE FUTURE

Test 7 A

Read the telephone conversation. Then look at the answers below and write the correct answer in each space.

Amy: When (▶) will I see you again?

Simon: I don't know. I'm (1).....to be busy this week. And I'll
(2)..... going to London on Saturday.

Amy: Oh. But you (3).be here for my party, won't you?

Simon: No, I (4)get back until Sunday evening.

Amy: I (5).....going to invite you.

Simon: Well, I'm sorry I can't come.

Amy: What (6)you doing in London?

Simon: Oh, I'm just going (7).....see one or two people.

Look, I must go. I'm cooking something that I think is (8).....to boil over.

Test 7 B

Some of these sentences are correct, and some have a word which should not be there. If the sentence is correct, put a tick (✓). If it is incorrect, cross the unnecessary word out of the sentence and write it in the space.

▶ They're probably going to knock the building down. ✓

▶ We are be going to get a dog soon. be

1 The bus is leaves at eight twenty.

2 The doors of the theatre are about to open.

3 The meeting will be start at half past seven.

4 The festival is for to take place in June.

5 My friend will be calling here tomorrow morning.

6 We were going to eat in the restaurant, but it was full.

7 I have to register for my course before the classes will begin.

8 I will to have finished lunch by two o'clock.

Test 7 C

Put in a form of the verb. Use the future continuous {will be doing}, the future perfect (will have done) or was/were going to.

► It's quite a long way, isn't it? We'll have walked (walk) about five miles by the time we get back, I'd say.

1. It'll be better if you don't ring at one o'clock. We(to have) lunch then.

2. I(drive) over and see you, but there is something wrong with the car.

3. I've got loads of work. I expect I(work) all night. And I am looking forward to it.

4. I will have much more time next week because I.....(do) all my exams then.

5. We.....(buy) that computer game, but they don't make it for the kind of computer we have got.

6. I know you will put on a wonderful show. You.....(have) so much practice by the time you perform it that it is sure to be brilliant.

Test 7 D

Complete the conversation. Use will, be going to or a present tense. Choose the best form. Sometimes more than one answer is correct.

Peter: Hello. Where are you going?

Polly: To my evening class. I'm learning Swedish. And next week (►) I'll have (I / have) a chance to speak it for real. (1).....(I /go) to Sweden for three weeks. (2).....(I / leave) on Friday. (3).....(I / visit) some friends there.

Peter: (4).....(that / be) nice.

Polly: Well, I'd better hurry. My lesson (5).....(start) at half past seven, and it's twenty-five past now.

Peter: OK. Come and see me when (6)(you / get) back from Sweden.

Polly: Thanks. (7).....(I / send) you a postcard.

Test 7 E

Write a second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first. Use the word in brackets.

► We have decided to help with the project. (going)

We are going to help with the project.

1 We're willing to wait for you. (I'll)

2 You can get off this train at Bath. (stops)

3 My friend intended to meet us. (going)

4 Adrian's job interview is on 17 October. (having)

5 Our meal will be over by eight o'clock. (finished)

6 I think I'm going to go on the trip. (might)

7 The fire hasn't gone out yet, but it will in a minute. (about)

Test 7 F

Choose the correct form.

► A: I'd better go. I'm cycling home, and I haven't got any lights on my bike.

B: Oh, yes. It'll be/It'll have been dark soon.

1. A: I hear the rent on your flat is very expensive.

B: Yes it is. I'll move/I'm going to move, I've decided.

2. A: I'd like a photo of Martin and me.

B: I'll take/I'm going to take one with your camera, then.

3. A: Have you booked a holiday yet?

B: Yes, we go/we're going to Spain.

4. A: What's that man doing up there?

B: Oh no! He'll jump/He's going to jump!

5. A: Can I borrow your bike on Monday?

B: I'm sorry, but I'll be using/I'll have used it. I always cycle to work.

TEST 8

QUESTIONS

TEST 9

QUESTIONS, NEGATIVES AND ANSWERS

Test 9 A

Read the conversation. Then look at the answers below and write the correct answer in each space.

Judy: (►) Shall we go to the party tonight?

Lisa: (1)giving a party?

Judy: Susan. You know her, (2).....you?

Lisa: I'm (3).....sure. Has she got long dark hair?

Judy: Yes, she (4)..... And she's quite tall. (5).....you spoken to her?

Lisa: No, I don't think (6) But I know who you mean. There are two sisters, Susan and Janet. They're twins, aren't (7).....?

Judy: Yes, that's right.

Lisa: (8)one is Susan?

Judy: Oh, I (9)know. They both look the same. I can't always tell them apart.

Lisa: No, (10)can I. In any case, I haven't been invited to the party.

Judy: That (11).....matter.

Lisa: OK. (12).....go to it then, shall we?

► a) Do b) Shall c) Would

1 a) What's b) Who's c) Whose

2 a) don't b) know c) so

3 a) isn't b) no c) not

4 a) got b) has c) so

5 a) Haven't b) Having c) Not

6 a) it b) neither c) so

7 a) it b) not c) they

8 a) What b) Which c) Who

9 a) don't b) no c) not

10 a) neither b) not c) so

11 a) doesn't b) isn't c) not

12 a) Could b) Let's c) Shall

Test 9 B

What would you say? Use the word in brackets, and use a question form in each sentence.

► You want to suggest a game of cards, (have) Shall we have a game of cards?

1 You are asking Tessa where her house is. (live)

2 You want Janet to tell you what she is thinking. (about)

3 You are inviting a friend to come to your room. (like)

4 You are surprised that your friend missed the football match on television. (watch)

5 You are asking permission to take a photo. (may)

6 You are looking for Polly. You are asking her friend for information. (seen)

7 You are asking Nigel about the number of letters he has written. (how)

- 8 You are asking Nancy about the people coming to her party. (who)
- 9 You are asking Martin's wife if he cooks every day or once a week. (often)
- 10 You are asking about the weather tomorrow. (will)

Test 9 C

Each of these replies is wrong. Write the correct reply.

- ▶ Is it going to snow? ~ I am not thinking it. I don't think so.
- 1 Has the computer arrived? ~ No, not.
- 2 Don't you like curry? ~ Yes, I hate it.
- 3 Will you be in tonight? ~ Yes, I expect.
- 4 Horrible weather. ~ It isn't very nice, isn't it?
- 5 Would you like a sweet? ~ Yes, right.
- 6 I'm quite tired now. ~ Too am I.
- 7 You might catch my cold. ~ I don't hope to.
- 8 The first tram didn't stop. ~ Neither the second

Test 9 D

Rupert is at a job interview. Someone is asking him questions: Write the questions.

- ▶ Interviewer: Where do you live ?
- Rupert: Oh, I live in Longtown.
- 1 Interviewer:
- Rupert: I'm twenty-three.
- 2 Interviewer:
- Rupert: Yes, I went to college.
- 3 Interviewer:
- Rupert: My interests? I don't have any, really.
- 4 Interviewer:
- Rupert: Which company? Oh, I work for BX Electric.

5 Interviewer:.....

Rupert: Nothing. There's nothing I don't like about my job.

Test 9 E

Put in the missing word.

► How does this phone work? ~ You press this button.

- 1 The new building looks awful. ~ I agree. It look very nice.
- 2 Could you give me a receipt, please? ~ Yes, of..... .
- 3 This chair isn't very comfortable. ~ And..... is this bed.
- 4 Didn't you watch 'Frankenstein' last night? ~..... , I hate horror films.
- 5 What's this wood? ~ I'm going to make a table.
- 6 I didn't say the wrong thing,.....I? ~ Well, you weren't very polite.
- 7 Will there be any free gifts? ~ No, there
- 8 Have they sent you some money? ~ No, I'm afraid..... .
- 9 Don't drop those plates,.....you? ~ OK, I'll be careful.
- 10 How is it to the station? ~ About half a mile.
- 11 Do those shoes fit you? ~ Yes, I think
- 12 Why..... we have a picnic? ~ Yes, good idea.
- 13 foot is hurting? — My right one.
- 14 I feel a bit cold actually. ~ Yes, do I.
- 15 Who..... eaten their ice-cream? ~ Oh, it's mine. I'm just going to eat it.
- 16....of these magazines would you like? ~ This one, please.

PART II

Варіант I

1. Визначте, яке дієслово виражає фізичну чи розумову здатність:

- | | |
|-----------|---------|
| a) must | c) can |
| b) should | d) need |

2. Укажіть речення, в якому вжито еквівалент дієслова "may" у минулому часі:

- a) She wasn't able to answer.
- b) She had to go on a business trip last week.
- c) Mr Brown couldn't sign the document without his permission.
- d) I wasn't allowed to take the money.

3. Знайдіть вірний варіант перекладу українського речення:

У читальному залі не дозволяється голосно розмовляти.

- a) You must not talk aloud in the reading-hall.
- b) You need not talk aloud in the reading-hall.
- c) You can talk silent in the reading-hall.
- d) You are not able to talk aloud in the reading-hall.

4. Укажіть, яке дієслово треба вжити в реченні для вираження необхідності,

зумовленої розкладом:

The flight... arrive at 2 p.m.

- a) is to
- b) may
- c) can
- d) should

5. Яке дієслово має схожі значення із дієсловом "should"?

- a) need
- b) ought
- c) could
- d) be to

6. Знайдіть, в якому реченні треба вжити дієслово "must":

- a) Може, вона повернеться.
- b) Йому, напевно, вісімдесят років.
- c) Можливо, цей молодий чоловік зможе допомогти вам.
- d) Вона може повернутися.

7. Знайдіть вірний переклад речення:

Shall I turn on the lights for you?

- a) Я буду вмикати світло вам?
- b) Повернути до вас світло?

- c) Увімкнути вам світло?
- d) Погасити вам світло?

8. Знайдіть правильний варіант перекладу англійського речення:

How dare you say it?

- a) Як ти наважишся сказати це?
- b) Як ти наважився сказати це?
- c) Як ти можеш казати це?
- d) Як ти смієш казати це?

9. Укажіть, яке дієслово треба вжити в реченні:

Do you... any money?

- a) need
- b) have to
- c) should
- d) could

10. Укажіть, яке дієслово треба вжити для вираження ввічливого прохання у реченні:

...I tell you a word ?

- a) ought
- b) might
- c) can
- d) shall

Варіант II

1. Визначте, яке дієслово виражає необхідність чи обов'язок:

- a) shall
- b) have to
- c) can
- d) dare

2. Укажіть речення, в якому вжито еквівалент дієслова "must" у майбутньому часі:

- a) He was to come next week.
- b) He will be able to visit the exhibition.
- c) I should bring the magazine to show them an article.
- d) I shall have to pay him something.

3. Знайдіть вірний варіант перекладу українського речення:

Допоможіть мені, будь ласка.

- a) Would you help me?
- b) Should you help me?
- c) You may help me?
- d) You might help me?

4. Укажіть, яке дієслово треба вжити в реченні для вираження наказу:

- a) dare
- b) need
- c) can
- d) must

5. Яке дієслово має схожі значення із дієсловом "to be"?

- a) might
- b) shall
- c) must
- d) can

6. Знайдіть, в якому реченні треба вжити дієслово "may":

- a) Вони, напевно, оточують будинок.
- b) Можливо, вони зараз у відпустці.
- c) Я думаю, вона зможе це зробити.
- d) Вона, напевно, виконала роботу.

7. Знайдіть вірний переклад речення:

She must have filled in the application form.

- a) Вона повинна була заповнити анкету
- b) Вона повинна мати заповнену анкету.
- c) Вона, певна річ, заповнила анкету.
- d) Вона, певна річ, повинна заповнити анкету.

8. Знайдіть правильний варіант перекладу англійського речення:

You oughtn't to be working for those people.

- a) Вам не треба було б працювати у тих людей.
- b) Ви не повинні працювати у тих людей.
- c) Вам не можна працювати у тих людей.
- d) Вам не можна було б працювати у тих людей.

9. Укажіть, яке дієслово треба вжити в реченні:

Did you... sell most of your things?

b) dare

d) be to

6. Знайдіть, в якому реченні треба вжити дієслово "must":

- a) Він зміг би це зробити.
- b) Він, можливо, зробить це.
- c) Він, напевно, зробив це.
- d) Він повинен був зробити це.

7. Знайдіть вірний переклад речення:

She couldn't have done it.

- a) Не може бути, щоб вона зробила це.
- b) Вона не зможе зробити це
- c) Вона не змогла зробити це.
- d) Вона не могла робити це.

8. Знайдіть правильний варіант перекладу англійського речення:

At that moment he dared not move.

- a) В той момент він не наважувався поворухнутися.
- b) В той момент він не міг поворухнутися.
- c) В той момент він не повинен був поворухнутися.
- d) В ту мить вона не посміла поворухнутися.

9. Укажіть, яке дієслово треба вжити в реченні:

They will... to send the message tomorrow.

- a) must
- b) should
- c) be able
- d) can

10. Укажіть, яке дієслово треба вжити з метою дістати розпорядження, вказівку у реченні:

...I go out while you are speaking to him?

- a) can c) may
- b) shall d) will

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